LOOK FOR BARGAINS

PITTSBURG, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1891.

. THREE CENTS.

Of the Investigation Into the Secrets of the Silver Pool Scandal.

ALL NAMES SUPPRESSED.

the Speculators, but Is Not Allowed to Do So.

nounce the Proposed Revelations as an Outrage.

THE REITER CASE BEFORE CONGRESS.

Dalzell Speeks in the Commander's Behalf and Representative McKenna Talks for Ex-

APPOINTMENT OF JUDGE ACRESON CONFIRMED

they refused to allow him to tell all he

Owenby announced that he was ready to give the names of a number of statesmen whom he had reason to believe were in the silver pool. Instantly there were objections Owenby's breast. He was graciously permitted, however, to exonerate three members of Congress from all connection with the

to-day he began by explaining certain matters which were rather confused yesterday. Speaking of the papers and books, part of which he said yesterday were locked up so that he (Owenby) could not get them, he stated that they were ordinary memorandum books or diaries which he carried like any other business man and put away when they were filled up. Some of these memorandum cashier. Donald, Owenby said, had told him that certain Senators and Representatives were interested in silver transactions. He offered to give the names, but Mesers, Payne and Rowell made decided objections, and insisted on what was said at these conversations being given, but with names

Oates Wanted to Have the Names Mr. Oates thought the names should be given, and Owenby said he could not properly give the conversation without names. men, Donald said. Donald had also stated that Zimmerman and Forshay, August Belmont, and Carson and Simmons were inter-

and it was bought in London to cover up the tracks. Yes, Donald used that expression. He said politicians were pretty hard men to clean up after. Donald also told witness he got information from a private agent here, whom he kept in his employ. Did not know his name. Donald said that when he had any doubts

about matters he came over and saw a Representative and also a Senator, with whom he had close relations. Yes, Donald had two Congressional friends, but witness understood him to refer more particularly to the Representative. Donald claimed to be interested in these silver transactions.

The total amount of silver that was agreed to be bought by the persons interested with Donald, the witness said, was \$1,000,000 worth. He could not remember the exact date of these conversations. There was no one present at these conversations. To the best of witness' recollection, silver was bought at 97 and up to 104. At one time Donald spoke of the sale of silver, but did

Before making these latter answers Owenby had examined two slips of paper he carried. Mr. Payne asked what those slips were, and the witness said they were memoranda that he had made half an hour before from some letters and telegrams from Donald, which he had with him. Before handing these letters and telegrams over he insisted on their return during the day, as

A Victim of Verbal Contracts. Owenby was then examined as to his contract arrangements with Donald. They were verbal, he said, and he was the victim of verbal contracts. Witness was to give all the information he could possibly get. His personal expenses were to

and agreed to carry 245,000 ounces. For his personal expenses in Washington he drew on Donald. Owenby said he had borrowed ome \$300 from Donald, giving a note. That was done in order to straight at the bank until after a settlement on the silver transaction. Donald still held the note and had never paid witness anything on the silver deal either.

The examination reverted to the conver-sations with Donald, and witness said Don-

ald told him that he (Donald) had informa-tion of 6,000,000 ounces of silver being pur-chased by the five banks and brokerage houses he had named. He believed Donald

It Provides for Appropriations Aggregating a Total of \$34,242,970. is \$4,743,112 for public buildings, as compared with the appropriation for the current fiscal year. Under the head of appropriations for public buildings are the following: Allegheny, Pa., \$55,000; Akron, O., \$75,000; Beaver Falls, Pa., \$30,000; Canton, O., \$75,000; Chicago Custom House and sub-treasury repairs, \$50,000; World's Columbian Exposition, to complete building, \$300,000; Lima, O., \$60,000; Youngstown, O., \$75,000.

Other items of interest in the bill are World's Columbian Exposition, Government exhibit, \$350,000; mixellaneous expenses, \$153,000; lady managers, \$50,000, enforcement of alien contract labor law, \$90,000; enforcement of chinese act, \$60,000; surveys of public lands, \$300,000; Galveston harbor, \$800,000; Hay Lake Channel, Mich., \$300,000; St. Marys river, Mich., \$600,000; Chrickamanga National Park, \$200,000; Soldiers' Home, \$500,000.

THE FATHER TOO LATE.

A HOT CHASE AFTER ELOPERS THAT

con Jessup Quarrels With His Daugh ter's Lover About Politics, and They Run Away and Are Married-Papa Forgives and Imparts His Blessing.

PERFORM TO THE DISPATOR ! SCRANTON, Feb. 3 .- Deacon Elijah W. Jessup, a prosperous farmer of Lathrop township, is a radical Republican. He is pious, but he often flies into a passion when he gets to talking politics with Democrats. O. V. B. Metcalf, the son of a neighboring farmer, is a hot-headed young Democrat of the Jefferson type. For more than a year Metcalf has been in the habit of calling upon Deacon Jessup's daughter Julia at least once a week. A fortnight ago he and the deacon got into a red-hot political quarrel in the presence of Julia and her mother. The women tried to stop it, but it did not come to an end until the deacon had ordered Metcalf from the house, telling him never to call there

Metcalf departed and Julia had a crying Metcalf departed and Julia had a crying spell. The young man hat not been in the deacon's house since, but he has met Miss Jessup several times at another farm house. A little after dark last night Metcalf drove up to the deacon's house in a cutter, and in a moment Miss Jessup tripped out all muffled up, got into the cutter, and away they went. The deacon was doing chores in the barn, and it was 20 minutes before he found out that Julia had gone off with Metcalf. Mrs. Jessup told him that Julia had gone to a party in the village of Hopbottom, and that she would probably return soon after midnight. The deacon's auger was up in an instant, and he rushed from the house, mounted a horse, and started for Hopbottom across lots.

was up in an instant, and ne rusned from the house, mounted a horse, and started for Hopbottom across lots.

By the road it is 4½ miles from the deacon's farm to Hopbottom, but over the hills and through the fields it is only two miles. The couple had been gone nearly half an hour when Deacon Jessup mounted his horse, but ne expected to reach the village ahead of them, and intended to head them off and compel the young farmer to drive the girl back to her home as fast as his nag could go, so he said on Sunday. He ran his horse to the foot of Bentley's hill, where the animal got stuck in a snow-drift, and the deacon had to turn back. That put him behind a good bit, but he was bound to catch the couple and he went tacing toward the village over the same route the lovers had taken.

to soothe the deacon's feelings amazingly. He cooled off suddenly, shook hands with his son-in-law, hugged his daughter, said he was glad that they were sensible, and told them that it was all right. Everybody had fun for the next hour, and then the deacon left. Metcalf and his bride stayed in the village that night, and in a day or so they are going back to the deacon's to live.

ARMS FOR CENTRAL AMERICA.

ridges by Ex-Fenians.

Fenian officer, who, with Captain Charles Wat ters, and Captain Thomas Phelan, whose meeting with O'Donovan Rossa in New York in 1885

will be remembered, recently proposed raising troops for Guatemala.

Major McNamara, when questioned about the purchase of such a large number of cartridges, said this morning that he was acting under instructions from New York, the cartridges being cheaper here, as there is no demand for this caliber in the East. He says, further, that Major Bell, General Barrundia's private secretary, was in this city at one time during the Guatemalan trouble looking for men, who, in an emergency, could be called upon to aid his Government, Hence Phelan, McNamara and Waters formed a triangle, and stood ready to raise men and arms, full arrangestood ready to raise men and arms, full arrange-ments being made. The present query as to cartridges, he intimates comes from the Guate-malan Government, or insurgents.

BELIEVES HIS WIFE ALIVE.

Henry Zek Exhumes Her Body and Re to Have It Reinterred.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. PITTSTON, Feb. 3 .- On January 23 the wife of Henry Zek, a shoemaker in Dutch Flats, Wayne county, entered her husband's shop, and after talking with him for a few moments, fell to the floor. She was picked up to all ap pearance dead, and the body was prepared for burial. On January 26 the friends gathered to burial. On January 25 the Friends gathered to attend the funeral, and Mrs. Zek was buried. Considerable comment was occasioned, how-ever, by the condition of the body. It did not have the appearance of death. After the burial the husband began to worry for fear that his wife had been buried alive. He became so agitated that a couple of days afterward he caused the corpse to be taken up and brought to his bome, where it still is. The husband refuses to allow the body to be buried.

Jay Gould and Other Railroad Men Take

Long Ride. WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Jay Gould and a party, consisting of he son George and daughter Helen, President John H. Iman, of the Richmond and Danville Railroad, Sidney Dil ion, Calvin S. Brice and General Sam Thomas arrived in Washington last evening in Mr Gould's private car. Shortly afterward Post

Gould's private car. Shortly afterward Post-master General Wanamaker and Mr. Gould had a long talk.

The Gould party were joined here this morn-ing by Mr. Felton and Superintendent Green-of the Richmond and Danville system, and the combined party proceeded Southward on an extended tour, which, it is said, will include Florida, Northern Alabama, Tennessee and a large part of the Missouri Pacific system.

A VERY LITTLE BABY.

It Is Eight Weeks Old and Weighs Only Three Pounds. ANSONIA, Feb. 3.-Mr. and Mrs. Zacharia Main, of Shelton, are taking great care of their seventh baby. When it was born it weighed less than a pound, and now, at the age of 8 weeks, it weighs only three pounds. It was not expected that the baby would live, but it did, CHEATED THE PRINCE.

The Inside History of London's Sensational Card Scandal.

And May Be Dragged Into Court as a Witness in a Libel Suit.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1 eard scandal which has already been made public and has created so great a sensation in social circles, Sir Gordon Cumming, Baronet, is a Lieutenant Colonel of the

ocial importance. The inside facts of the case, which a Dunlan representative received to-day from the highest possible authority, and which may therefore be vouched for, are as follows: A little while ago a large winter party was being entertained in Leicestershire by Mrs. Arthur Wilson, the wife of the member of the firm of Wilson & Sons, the large ship owners of Hull. Among the guests were the Prince of Wales and a large number of dis-

The Prince and the Pasteboards There being no private theatricals or other ide shows, which are usually put forward to amuse His Royal Highness, the gentleman etired to the smoking room, where a spirted game of baccarat was soon started. In

denounced, when a friendly game was turned into a row.

Sir Gordon protested his innocence, but his accusers were equally firm in denouncing him. The Prince eventually intervened, and finally persauded Sir Gordon to consent to arbitration and abide by the decision of two gentlemen who were present and whom he—the Prince—would himself name. This was consented to, and the result was the arbitrators decided that any further reference to the matter be dropped and never be alluded to again if Sir Gordon would then and there sign an agreement never to play baccarat again.

She Could Not Keep a Secret. This was agreed to and the document was drawn up which Sir Gordon, in the presence of, the Prince, and the other gentleman then signed. Unfortunately, there was staying in the house a lady who was most unfriendly to-

ponsible for spreading the story. But their names have been up till now withheld from pub-

PORTUGAL'S INSURGENTS. everal More Prominent People in th Clutches of the Law.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY). LISBON, Feb. 3.-Dr. Santos Reis, formerly deputy from Ainong, has been arrested, accused of furnishing funds to the insurgents, Prof. of the provisional Government. Alves Veja has not yet been arrested and is believed to has not yet occur, and the same and the same and the conspiracy has ramifi-lt is known that the conspiracy has ramifi-

It is known that the conspiracy has ramifi-cations all over the country. Many subor-dinate officers concerned in the telegraphic signal revolt addressed is towns from Oporto. This aroused suspicion and their dispatches were detained, with the result that the revolt was confined to Oporto. The Government has maintained order everywhere.

The official Gazette publishes to-day a decree establishing a military tribunal at Oporto to judge both military and civil insurgents by martial law, as by the civil law rebels deserv-ing death may be sent to penal servitude, the death penalty having been long ago abolished in Portugal in all civil cases. It is almost cer-tain that the King will use his royal preroga-tive to pardon culprits condemned to death.

Not Harm English Trade.

ing of the Chamber of Commerce here, the President spoke of the evil effects of the Mc-Kinley bill in raising the price of tools clothing and food to American work people, while in Laucashire so far from doing any harm to English trade there have been heavier American orders than ever before, shewing that when British coods are wanted Americans will buy them, however the tariff may raise the prices. He thought the McKinley bill might serve as an object lesson to all protectionists elsewhere.

ROUGH WEATHER AT SEA. The Steamer Alabama Puts Into Queen town for Repairs.

IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 2.-The steamer State of Alabama, which left Swansea 12 days ago for New York, has put into this port to undergo repairs, which her condition renders necessary, before she can continue her voyage.

She met terrific weather. Seas mountain high broke over her, flooded her decks, doing a great deal of damage and smashing several stanchions. She was thus unable to proceed and had to head for this port.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, Feb. 3.-Edwin Colcitt, aged 26, was charged at the Lambeth police court with stab charged at the Lambeth police court with stab-bing several young women at Chapman, a suburb of London.

Three girls deposed to the fact that they were stabbed in the left side just above the hip, and the prisoner was committed for trial. There have been several similar stabbings in Clapham, where a great deal of excitement has been caused by the circumstance.

TO ASSIST THE CHANCELLOR. Emperor William's Prime Minister to Have

His Duties Lightened. BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT. BERLIN, Feb. 3.—Official report assures that the Vice Presidency of the Prussian Ministry will be revised in order to lighten the burdens

morning in full daylight. The bullet pierced his heart and coming out at his back, passed through a window of the palace narrowly missing a lady who was at the window. The suicide was the son of wealthp parents and was expecting to be imprisoned for the third time for neglect of duty.

THE POLICE AND THE ELBE.

The German Government and the Hoboken Police Incident. By Associated Press.] BERLIN, Feb. 3.-In the Reichstag to-

day, Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in reply to a question as to the action of the police of Hoboken, N. J., toward the officers and crew of the North German Lloyd steamer Elbe, said that he had communicated on the subject with the United States Gov-ernment. The Secretary added that the United States Government had promised to make a searching inquiry into the affair, and considering the friendly relations existing be-tween the United States and the Imperial Gov-crament a satisfactory settlement of the matter

erment a satisfactory settlement of the matter was expected.

Upon motion to that effect, a report from Major Wissman was ordered laid on the table. The report states that Emin Pasha's expedition has been on several occasions in critical situations. A battle was fought at Idabura, and 173 hostiles were killed or severely wounded. The expedition lost six killed or wounded.

Interesting Spanish Election Facts. MADRID-A feature of Sunday's election is the great strength of the Republican vote in the towns. Five great towns returned Republicans by great majorities, although Madrid, Barcelona, Saragossa, Seville and Cadiz returned Conservatives. The votes obtained by the two rival Republican sections would have sufficed, if combined, to defeat the Monarchists in Baragossa and Barcelona. In Venezuela the Republicans received more votes than the Liberals, in spite of the abstention of the Socialists. The Conservatives elected are chiefly protectionists. The total protectionist vote in the House is estimated at 360, and the free trade vote at barely 70. the great strength of the Republican vote

Forming a New Italian Cabinet. ROME-King Humbert has summoned Signor Zanardelli, Signer Crispi's Minister of Justice, to form a Cabinet. The Marquis de Budina has abandoned the task. A later cable dispatch says that Zanardelli, too, has given up the

Count Waldersee's Appointment Changed. BERLIN-The North German Gazette to-day publishes a decree relieving Count Von Wal-dersee from the position of Chief of the Gen-eral Staff, and appointing him to the command of the Ninth Army Corps.

Great Britain Represents Germany. BERLIN-In the Reichstag to-day, Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that Great Britain

Ten Thousand Shoemakers Strike. VIENNA-Ten thousand shoemakers in this city have gone on a strike for an increase in wages. Late this evening there seems to be a favorable prospect of an early settlement, Still Afraid of German Spies.

PARIS-A Belgian has been arrested in this city, charged with supplying the German War Department officials with plans of the Franco-Belgian and Belgian-German frontiers.

An Irish Modus Vivendi Proposed. LONDON-The sections of the Irish party will obably meet Thursday, when the result of the Boulogne conference will be announced and a modus vivendi will be proposed.

CANED BY THE MAYOR.

Evangelist Jones and a Texas Official Have Lively Fight. PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

PALESTINE, TEX., Feb. 8.-At a series of meetings held here in November last the Rev. Samuel P. Jones, of Cartersville, Ga., excited much comment and enthusiasm, both for the large number of conversions he effected and the vigorous manner in which assailed sinners in general and sevlication.

He has also served a subposua on the Prince of Wales to appear as a witness in his behalf, if the case is ever brought into the light of court it will undoubtedly create a tremendous sensation, and will afford a great deal of gossip for many a club fireside and tea table. But although it has not reached that stage yet, it in the first the firs most pointed terms. The Mayor was absent from the city at the time.

For the last three weeks the city has been all agog over the announcement that the great evangelist would be here again to deliver his famous lecture, "Get There," and there has been a regular rush for seats, Mr. Jones arrived last night, and the lecture was duly delivered before a large audience, but an unlooked for denouement transpired at the depot at 8:30 this morning. Just before the evangelist took the train for the west Mayor Ward was seen to approach him and vigorously assault him with a cane. him and vigorously assault him with a cane.

The cane exchanged hands during the

struggle, and the Mayor received several severe blows before bystanders parted the angry com-batants, and heavy bruises were inflicted and both parties bled profusely. In a few minutes the train pulled out with Sam Jones on board, and the Mayor was arrested and is now under bond for aggravated assault and carrying a pistol. A meeting oblitions was held to-night and the act of Mayor Ward was denounced.

WENT UP IN FLAMES.

The Heels Iron Works of Brooklyn Entirely Destroyed. PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.;

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.-The Hecla Iron Works, n North Eleventh street, Williamsburg, went up in flames to-night. The buildings occupied 32 city lots. Three alarms and a special call were sent out in rapid succession, but the strehms of water seemed only to intensify the ferocity of the flames. The firemen worked nobly, but their efforts were in vain, and it was not until there was nothing left of the building to burn that they were able to turn their attention to the neighboring houses.

The inner walls fell in with a crash in less than 30 minutes from the time the first alarm was sent out. The gasoline tank exploded shortly after the fall of the walls and the conshortly after the fall of the walls and the con-cussion brought down the roof. The fire was one of the biggest that the Brooklyn department has ever had to cope with. The damage done, it is estimated is \$500,000. The Hecla works are the largest of their kind in the State. A great part of the iron work used in the con-struction of the Brooklyn bridge, and of the Equitable and Pulitzer buildings of New York, was turned out from there. The owners are Paulson & Auger.

ELOPED ON HORSEBACK.

The Girl Descends From Her Window by Means of a Blanket.

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 3.-Lawrence Bilby, the son of a wealthy farmer of Shickshinny, and Lizzie Hartman eloped on horseback early Sunday morning. John Bilby, the father of the young man, was in Wilkesbarre to-day looking for them. The parents of both were opposed to the marriage because of their age, Young Bilby is 19 and the girl not much over 17. Young Bilby is 18 and the girl not much over 17. At 3 o'clock on Sunday morning young Bilby stole out of his father's house and going to the stable saddled the best horse there. He then rode to liss Hartman's house, two miles away. He was shrewd enough not to take a buggy, because it would have made a noise. Arriving at the girl's house he gave a signal. A window on the second floor went up. Then a head appeared. Bilby pulled his horse up under the window. The girl fastened the end of a blanket to the shutter and threw the other end to her lover. In this way she reached the borse's back. The blanket was found daugling from the window when the inmates of the house awoke. Miss Hartman is a good horseback rider.

A MAYOR HELD UP.

He is Robbed and Almost Murdered by Two Highwaymen.

WEST POINT, MISS., Feb. 3.-Mayor W. B. Barker, of Birmingham, was held up by two robbers at an early hour last night, and barely scaped with his life. He has been staying here for some weeks, and was en route to his BERLIN, Feb. 3.—Official report assures that the Vice Presidency of the Prussian Ministry will be revised in order to lighten the burdens of Chancellor Caprivi, who as "Germany's best General," as Bisuarck called him, must find time to assist the Emperor in military matters. The Minister of Finance, Mignel, will undertake the Vice Presidency, as Caprivi's representative.

Killed Himself While on Duty, 187 DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. BERLIN, Feb. 3.—A sentinel on duty at the imperial palace, Potsdam, shot himself this rest, escaped in the darkness.

KEY TO THE MYSTERY.

THE BODY BURIED IN MONTANA

IN SEARCH OF POSITIVE EVIDENCE

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.-The identity of the remains taken from Snake river by James O. Green and others, and supposed to be hose of Robert Ray Hamilton, can be absoutely established, even if the testimony of Mr. Green to be taken by the commission which has gone to France for that purpose and the evidence of John H. Sargent, to secure which another commission has been sent to the Hamilton-Sargent ranch, fail to clear up the mystery.

Mr. Hamilton was fond of athletic sports, fine horseman and a frequent figure on the driveways in Central Park. He was always well mounted and kept a stable of thoroughbreds. It was while Mr. Hamilton was riding a mettlesome horse in Central Park on the afternoon of August 30, 1885, that the animal became frightened at a passing assisted to a carriage and taken to the Fres-byterian Hospital, where the fractures were

The Injury a Permanent One.

and so as to give Mr. Hamilton the free use of his leg, there was a slight halt noticeable ever after in his walk. The fact was recalled by his friends, and an inquiry at the Presbyterian Hospital disclosed the particulars of the accident he had met with in the park and his treatment by the surgeons of the institution, with the result already described.

After having established these facts which

After having established these facts, which may have an important bearing on the will case, a reporter made inquiries among the counsel for the proponents and members of the Hamilton family, and learned that they were all fully aware of the character of the accident and of its importance in determining the identity of the body which lies buried on the ranch in Idaho, It was also learned that consultations had been held between representatives of the family and counsel as to the question of exhuming the remains for the purpose indicated.

The impression prevailed, however, at these consultations that Mr. Green's affidavit and that of Mr. Sargent and others who can be reached in the West will be sufficient to prove that the body taken from the river was that of Ray Hamilton. may have an important bearing on the wil

vidence of a Positive Character Wanted

Animal's Attacks. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. OZARK, ALA., Feb. 3.—The people here and in the surrounding country are in the wildest state over the biting of four men and two children and innumerable hogs and dogs by a mad dog. S. M. Blackman, owner of the dog. was out on a fox hunt when the hound suddenly

LYMPH'S CURATIVE PROPERTIES.

Though Deaths Have Occurred Some New

York Physicians Are Satisfied. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, Feb. 3.-It was discovered to sons who have been under lymph treatm one of the cases the tubercular baccilli, which the lymph is supposed to kill, were scattered through the patient's entire system. While some of the hospital doctors are satis-

fied that on the whole their patients have improved under the lymph treatment. Dr. Barcuh, as editor of the New York Dietic Gazette, will say in the next number that with his experience with over 30 cases of lymph treatment, not one case has after six weeks, experience offered the slightest evidence of a curative tendency.

It Says the Rebellion Is Confined to a Well

Protected Sea Coast. Boston, Feb. 3.-The Chilean Consul, Horace

THE VACANT CABINET POSITION. Ex-Governor Foster, of Ohio, Suggested

for the Position.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 3.-The Republic pers of the Legislature have signed a communi-cation to President Harrison, suggesting ex-

NATURAL GAS MEN NOT ALARMED.

They Ignore the Bill Passed by the Indian Senate Against Chicago. CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The gentlemen interest

n the piping of natural gas to Chicago don't een to be alarmed by the bill passed by the Indiana State Senate yesterday, probibling the umping of gas from one locality to another the object being to prevent the pumping of

natural gas to Chicago.

"Such a law is nonsense," said Mr. Winston,
President of the company engaged in the business. "Two years ago the Legislature passed
a law prohibiting the piping of gas from the

CALLS IT A FORGERY. The Way One Name Was Signed to

the Disputed Militia Warrant. COLONEL SMITH'S EXPLANATION.

He Asserts There Is Still Money Due Him From the Regiment.

A RADICAL DIFFERENCE OF OPINION

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.-A telegram from Harrisburg says that the 1889 headquarters warrant issued to the Third Regiment of the National Guard was indorsed by Colonel Bonnaffon; that the headquarters warrant for 1890 was indorsed by Colonel W. B. Smith, but that both were paid to Colonel Smith after he assumed

command of the regiment, These are the two warrants for which Colonel Smith has refused or neglected to account to the treasurer of the regiment. who, according to the charter and constitution of the regimental association, alone has the right to disburse the money with A BILL THAT CLOTHES THE GOVERNOR the approval of the Board of Directors. The first of these warrants, that for 1889, is the one which, according to the statement of Quartermaster Rodgers, treasurer of the regiment, made at the meeting of the Board of Directors January 30 last, Colonel Smith repeatedly denied ever having received, saying that the amount had merged back into the State Treasury.

A Denial From One Colonel. This dispatch was shown to Col. Sylvester Bonnaffon, Jr., the former commander of the regiment, and he at once said: "I did not in-

regiment, and he at once said: "I did not indorse the 1889 warrant, nor authorize anyone to indorse it for me, and if my name appears on it I pronounce it a forged one."

Colonel Bonnaifon continued. "When I retired from the command of the regiment on the 14th of January, 1890, I delivered to Captain Thomas Ryan, who assumed command of the regiment, this warrant and also all property of the State for which I, as Colonel, was responsible. He gave me a receipt for the warrant and the property, which I now have in my possession, Captain Ryan retained the warrant by the express order of General Showden, who directed him to keep intact the State property until my successor had been appointed. Soon after Colonel Smith assumed command of the regiment I received a letter from Lieutenant Sutterle, Adjutant of the regiment, in which he said that Colonel Smith desired me to indorse the 1889 warrant, which was enclosed in the letter. I refused to do this and wrote to Lieutenant Sutterle saying that as I was not a member of the National Guard any longer, I would not sign any warrent. I returned the warrent with my letter. I wish emphatically to say that

I Didn't Sign the Warrant of 1889, nor have I at any time, nor authorized anyone to use my name, and

A RECIPROCITY MEETING.

Erastus Wiman and Another Illustrions
Canadian Speak.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 3.—The annual banquet of the Louisville Commercial Club to-night drew together most of the leading business men of the city. The principal guests of the evening were Governor Buckner, Ecastus Wiman, of New York, Hon. John W. Longley, Attorney General of Nova Scotia, and Eckstein Norton, President of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. Reciprocity was the subject discussed to-night, and the principal speeches were made by Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Among other things Mr. Wiman, Governor Buckner, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Mr. Watterson, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Mr. Watterson, Mr. Longley and Mr. Watterson, Mr. Long belonged to the regiment. The 1889 warrant I noticed was made out to Colonel Bonnaffon, my predecessor, and was not indered by him. He refused to inderse it at my request, and I then put his name on as 'iate commanding the Third Regiment,' and signed by own name underneath it as Colonel of the regiment."

"Did you cash the warrant or place it with the Guarantee Trust Company?"

"I deposited the warrant to my own private account with the Tenth National Bank. I regard the money as for my own use in the affairs of the regiment. The Board of Directors has nothing to do with it. They are entirely a civil corporation.

> The Books of the Regiment for nothing. No demand has ever been made

nesota and Manitoba there has been a fall of from 50° to 100°.

The coldest reported this morning, as well this winter, was 46° below zero from Minesota, Man., at 7 o'clock. The line of temperature passed the upper portion of Lake Huron; thence over the upper part of lower Michigan, continuing Southwestward through Southeastern Wisconsin and Northern Illinois. It went rather abruptly southward to about 50 miles below Keckuk, Ia.; thence it passed northwestward through South Dakota and over middle Montana nearly to the international boundary line. From there it rounded through Helena, Mont, over the extensive area north of that line. The temperature at the hour mentioned above ranged from zero to 46° below zero. The mercury was 20° below all day at Noche, No. D. This city has had it no nigher than 20° below, and at 8 o'clock the mercury is still down below.

ALL ABOUT A VEIL.

After requesting permission to appear before the Examining Board, the protests continued: "Among the many objections I desire to men-tion to Mr. Smith arothe following: I feel that it would be unwise to put the management of our large income (about \$10,000 a year) in the hands of a man whose bousehold furniture has been several times lately and is now in the hands of the Sheriff of this county. Mr. Smith was expelled from the Union League Club for the non-payment of dues, Mr. Smith was forced to sever business connections on account of the incessant dunning he was subjected to by personal creditors. I desire to call attention to and offer in evidence the printed report of Mr. Smith's impeachment while he was Mayor, as he never was acquitted or vindicated of those charges, as his trial never took place. I believe that it is Mr. Smith's intention to use the regiment entirely for his own political advancement, and that such a condition of affairs would be demoralizing to the regiment and the entire National Guard.

These protests were ignored by the Brigade Board, of which Colonel Robert C. Dechert was President. Colonel Smith was passed by the board and duly commissioned by Governor Beaver. it would be unwise to put the management of

Man Get \$15,000 for an Injury Inflicted

by a Cable Car.

A Big Cargo on Its Way From the Tennessee River Mines. PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,

cotton and iron ever brought up the Ohio.

The iron comes from the Tennessee river and a consigned to Pittaburg.

PECULIAR

Owenby Finally Offers to Give Away

OATES WANTS THE WHOLE TRUTH.

But Other Members of the Committee De-

Minister Migner,

SEPRESAL THE EGRAM TO THE DISPATOR ! WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.-The revelations outlined in THE DISPATCH of Monday are coming to light, but not without obstacles being thrown in the way. In Owenby the majority of the Silver Pool Investigating Committee seem to have caught a tartar. He is a much more willing witness than the committee apparently want, and to-day

raised, and the secret is still locked in

The Witness Makes Some Explanations. When Mr. Owenby took the stand again

About seven Congressmen, he thought, were mentioned. Donald stated that the Congressmen were interested in ailver through certain parties or institutions. The Fourth National and the Chase National Banks were doing the dealings for these Congress-

The orders for silver were given to them

Transactions Amounting to a Million

passed.

The consideration of the fortification bill took up the remainder of the session. The first item that attracted notice was one appropriating \$1,000,000 for the purchase of oil tempered and annealed steel for high power coast denot state how much was sold.

soon as copies could be made. He also submitted a letter from Mr. Parsons, of Wells, Fargo & Co. He wanted the letter read to newspaper men, because Parsons had testified against him and that letter would show how matters were.

eas to share and share alike with those who went into the purchase of silver. Donald was to carry the silver for him

Marcus W. Acheson, of Pennsylvani United States Circuit Judge for the Third Cir-cuit; E. R. Hanna, United States District At-torney for the Eastern district of Texas; G. K. Auderson, of Pennsylvania, Register of the Land Office at Folsom, N. M.

THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL

tive session to-day confirmed the following

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.-The sundry civil bill was reported to the House this afternoon. It carries an appropriation of \$34,242,970. There is \$4,743,112 for public buildings, as compared

HAS A HAPPY ENDING.

A Mysterious and Heavy Purchase of Cart KANSAS CITY, Feb. 3.-In the past few days all the gun stores in the city have been making figures on 5,000 boxes of 45-caliber cartridges, in view of a prospective purchaser, who turns out to be Major Charles McNamara, an ex-

will be remembered, recently proposed raising

and asserts that his wife is in a trauce. He

ON A SOUTHERN TOUR.

weeks, it weighs only three pounds. It was not expected that the baby would live, but it did, and is thriving.

It is perfectly formed. Over its little hand Mrs. Main can slip her wedding ring, and the milk pitcher will take the mits in and then not be full. Mr. and Mrs. Main have been married 20 years and four of their children have died of diphtheris.

By an Unusual Fracture of a Leg It Can Be Decided Whether

Is That of Robert Ray Hamilton or Belongs to a Substitute.

carriage and shying threw his rider. Mr. Hamilton fell with great violence, and among other injuries received a compound fracture of the tibia of the left leg. He was

Although the bones knitted together well, and so as to give Mr. Hamilton the free use

Evidence of a Positive Character Wanted.

No definite action had been determined upon as to the exhumation of the remains, but there is little doubt, if counsel believe that the evidence of Green, Sargent and others is not positive as to Mr. Hamilton's death, that the remains will be disinterred. The peculiar character of the fracture will, in the opinion of physicians, make it comparatively easy to prove whether the body is that of Ray Hamilton or not.

Of course the members of the family and proponents' counsel have but one opinion on the subject. Counsel for contestants decline to say whether they believe the body to be that of Mr. Hamilton or not, but it is evident that they will demand that the evidence to be submitted to the Surrogate shall be of so positive a character as to leave no shadow of doubt before the will shall be admitted to probate.

In addition to the evidence to be obtained from Mr. Sargent, which the family think will be conclusive, the testimony of a dozen or more persons, who comprised the searching narty after Mr. Hamilton had disapmeared will

ersons, who comprised the searchin arty after Mr. Hamilton had disappeared, wi

BITTEN BY A MAD DOG.

out on a fox hunt, when the hound suddenly showed symptoms of madness. Before he could be secured he had bitten ten of the hounds. Mr. Blackman finally got his dog and tied him up, but he escaped and started across the country.

The dog first bit a negro man and then two little white children, who were playing on a country road. Afterward two prominent citizens in the county, Mr. Seay and Mr. Marsh, at Clintonville, in Coffee county, were bitten. The mad dog bit two more dogs and some hogs. Mr. James Cox, a citizen of Clintonville, who was attacked by the dog, succeeded in killing him. The people are out hunting for the dogs and hogs that the frenzied animal has bitten.

day that at least three cases of deaths of per have not been reported at the Coroner's offic The doctors claim that the patients would have

THE CHILEAN GOVERNMENT'S STORY.

N. Fisher, received a telegram yesterday from the Chilean Minister at Washington, which states officially that "the revolted men-of-war have not been able to occupy any part of the coast defenses organized throughout the coast defenses organized throughout the county."

The people and the army are loyal to the Government. On shore complete order prevails.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says: The Chilean insurgents have been obliged to abandon La Serena and Coquimbo, and the harbor of Iquique has been reopened. The report also says that the Government will raise the blockade in three days unless the insurgents make another attack in the meantime.

cation to President Harrison, suggesting exGovernor Foster, of Ohio, as a proper person
to be appointed as Secretary of the Treasury.
The communication says:
"His distinguished ability as a financier, his
record as a faithful and effective leader in the
Republican party, and his conservative position
on all public questions, which has won for him
the respect of the entire country, would make
his appointment a credit to your administration and bring upon it the universal approval
of the Republican party."

THE GOVERNOR'S VETO. Almost a Shame to Kick Anything So Dead as the Force Bill.

State into another State, and the Supreme Court of Indiana declared the measure uncon-stitutional. All other laws of a similar charac-ter must meet a similar fate. The work will go right ahead as before,"

OHIO'S PARDON BOARD.

WITH NEW POWER.

A RECIPROCITY MEETING

THE BLIZZARD IN THE NORTHWEST.

From State to State.

vails with unabated rigor over the Northwest, though there has been a decided moderation over Montana and both the Dakotas, where-

perature since yesterday morning; but in Min-

ALL ABOUT A VEIL

Refusal of a Woman to Show Her Face

Tangles Up the Lawyers.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1

TRENTON, Feb. 3.-The Court of Errors has

reversed the decision of Vice-Chancellor Bird in which he sanctioned a ruling requiring that

in which he sanctioned a ruling requiring that Mrs. Dr. Wm. Rice should raise her veil in order that she might be identified by a witness for her husband in the divorce in the suit which she has instituted.

Mr. Rice presented a witness, but had not been called to the stand. Counsel for Dr. Rice wanted her identified by the witness. Her counsel ordered her to keep her veil drawn, even after the master, Levi T. Hannun, told her to lift it. The opposition counsel refused to conlitting the standard of the st

lift it. The opposition counsel refused to con-tinue the case if she did not do so, and the tes-

Their relatives and friends claim that the po

lice refuse to allow communication with Velone and Colombo even to legal counsel, and that the imprisonment of the two Italians is unwar-

ota and Manitoba there has been a fall of

St. Paul, Feb. 3.-The cold wave still pre-

Many Remonstrances Received Against the Passage of the Rawlings Taxation Bill-Provisions of the Eight Hour Measure as Passed by the House. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. COLUMBUS, Feb. 3.-The Ohio Senate spent the g ater part of the day in the

spent the gater part of the day in the adoption of orials and pronouncing eulogies to see of the late Senators Robertson as the sea of the late Senators Robertson as the sea of the sea of the six members of the sea of the Board of Pardons has the sea of the Board all cases of doomed men and sea them in the hands of the Governor, who is obliged to make a full study of the circumstances before acting. The bill also classifies the convicts who may make application to the Board, and will acting. The bill also classifies the convicts who may make application to the Board, and will greatly simplify and lighten the work.

The Senate gave favorable consideration to a bill on the listing of personal property for taxation. It requires that credits, moneys, etc., shall be listed, and that money owing on mortgages shall be deducted from the credits. Remonstrances are pouring in from all over the State, signed by leading manufacturers, against the passage of the Rawlings bill for the taxation of raw material. It is claimed it will drive manufacturers from the State. The eight hour labor day bill has passed the House. It applies to mechanical, manufacturing and mining industries. Eight hours is to constitute a day's labor in the absence of a con-

> I repeat if my name is upon that warrant it is a torgery. I had good reasons for not indorsing this warrant over to Colonel Smith, and the result justifies my action. If I had done so and the money had been misappropriated, as it appears to have been I should have been a party to the wrong. It was Colonel Smith's duty to get a new warrant from the Adjutant General and to turn it over intact to the treasurer of the regiment. The constitution is perfectly clear on that point and no quibbles or excuses can obscure it." I repeat if my name is upon that warrant it is a

ice, and I do not propose to let the Board of Directors tell me what I shall or shall not do. I am not satisfied with the financial affairs of the regiment nor in the manner in which they are conducted, and I tell you we have not audited

upon me for the warrants, but I shall be present at the directors' meeting on Friday, and will

Grounds of the Protest.

HEAVY DAMAGES WON.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 3.-The sum of \$15,000 was that the jury found William W. Bishop entitled to as the result of the injuries sustained by him in the Selby Avenue Hill cable disaster of January 27, 1888. The jury agreed last night and sealed up their verdict, which was opened this morning by Judge Kelly. Bishop received the blow on the head from which paralysis resulted several months later. IRON FOR PITTSBURG.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 3.—The Iron Duke will arrive here to-night with the largest cargo of

IN THE EVERY MORNING DISPATCH. FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

named some of the persons for whom the purchases were made, and witness men-tioned the name of Representative Ketcham, of New York, as one of them. Anxious to Make a Clean Breast. He insisted on this statement when ques

He insisted on this statement when questioned, and again wanted to give names so as to make his story clear; but Mr. Payne replied that it would be little short or an outrage to permit the names of any respectable men to be given unless witness had other than hearsay testimony. Donaid, Owenby said, told him the parties to the silver pool had got in a wrangle; that he (Donald) had got out of it; and therefore could not make anything out of it for witness. Donaid took that method of repudiating the arrangement with witness. The silver purchasers sold out at 117 and witness figured that he ought to get 15 cents an ounce on 250,000 cunces, or between \$35,000 and \$40,000. He denied having any contract with Donald (as stated by Donaid) that he was to receive only \$350; and said he had also received more than that amount.

Owenby said he had also received information from David T. Littler, Billy Hall, Assistant Cashier of the Hanover Bank, and J. L. Cunningham, of persons being interested in silver speculation. Owenby, as in another case could not remember dates, but said that silver was at 109 when he talked with Littler. Witness mentioned the names of persons interested, and Littler assented and also mentioned the names of Congressmen. Owenby said he had no direct personal knowledge of any Congressional silver speculation.

Standing by the Stevens Letter.

Standing by the Stevens Letter. In reply to inquiries by Mr. Payne, the witness recapitulated certain parts of his testimony, detailing particularly his conversation with Mr. Stevens. Mr. Stevens' letter on which his inquiry was based, he said, was true. He gave him the story and obtained his information from conversations with Donald, Jennings, Cunningham, and Littler. The statement in Mr. Stevens' application

tion from conversations with Donald, Jennings, Cunningham, and Littler. The statement in Mr. Stevens' publication that the largest pool was one of Senators and New York capitalists and that it was interested to the extent of 7,000,000 ounces was based by witness principally on statements made by Littler, who said the men were frequenters of Chamberlins. He had stated to Mr. Stevens that impecunious Congressmen were permitted to borrow money on their individual notes without security for the purpose of carrying silver. Donald gave him that information.

He also told Mr. Stevens that Cullom, Teiler, Caunon and others were not in the pool. His statement about this was from personal knowledge. The witness went to Senator Cullom and stated that he was interested in silver purchases, and in a politic way stated that a number of Congressmen were interested. Senator Cullom stopped him at once, told him to go no further, that he (Mr. Cullom) had never apeculated and that he would never allow anyone to carry silver for him.

The statements unde in the publication by Mr. Stevens were gone over carefully, item by item, and the witness in each case said he had made substantially that statement. In the course of further testimony, Mr. Owenby said that his failure to appear voluntarily and testify was because of his lack of confidence in the committee and politicians generally.

A deputy sergeant-at-army-left here to-night for Florida, where Cashier Donald, of the Hanover Bank, of New York, is at present, with instructions to bring him to Washington immediately.

DALZELL'S DEFENSE.

HE STANDS UP FOR COMMANDER REITER

IN CONGRESS.

The Letter of Secretary Tracy Denounced a

an Insult-McKenna Comes to the

Rescue of Mizner-Some Speeches on the

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.-In the House to-day, Mr. McKenna, of California, replybooks, he explained, were in his trunk, and others had been given to Weicher, with whom he was interested in business. Weicher had put them in a safe deposit vanit, and that was what witness meant when he said that he could not get at them. The testimony then recurred to the control of the bards with his sonwith Donald, the Hanover bank He was a gentleman of character, of ability and of courage. He had as strong regard for the flag and as tender a sensitiveness toward it as any gentleman on the floor. He had risked his life on the plains of Mexico. He had acquired a soldier's love for it and all it sym-bolized; and, from the time of the Mexicar War until now, not a single moment had he wavered in his allegiance to it or his pride in it; and he (McKenna) asserted that in his situation at the post in Guatemala he did himself honor and his country honor. [Applause].

Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, came to the defense of Commander Reiter. In due time he proposed to submit some remarks in support of these propositions: First, that the Secretary of the Navy had no right under the law to administer a public reprimand to Commander Reiter, as he had done, by the insulting letter published in the press; second, that Reiter and Minner had followed international law as practiced in the last 50 years in the country's history. War until now, not a single moment had he

ticed in the last 50 years in the country's history.

Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, made a most eloquent defense of the State Department. He reviewed the case at some length, and said in conclusion: "God grant that no man of any party shall ever be Secretary of State who will not disavow the act of a Minister who orders the surrender of a political victim who trusts to our protection and the act of a commander who sits supine with two war vessels at his back and permits such a bloody tragedy and disgrace to our national name." [Applause.]

After further debate by Mr. Blanchard, of Louisiana, and Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky, in support of the action of the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Navy, the House ad-

and the Secretary of the Navy, the House of VACANCIES THROUGH DEATH. The Senate Agrees to the Bill as Cassed by the House. WASHINGTON, Feb. &-In the Senate, House bill to amend section 180 of the Revised Statutes, in reference to temporary designa-tions to fill vacancies in case of the death, sickness or absence of heads of departments, was reported back with a substitute. The substitute amends three sections of the Revised Statutes on that subject and limits to 80 days

the period of such designation, except where the duties are exercised by the Assistant Secre-tary, in which case there is no limitation. The substitute was rejected and the floure bill

ichise guns of 8, 10 and 12 caliber. The Com-mittee on Appropriations recommended a re-duction of the amount to \$800,000, and Mr. Gor-man moved a still further reduction to \$250,000. After a long discussion as to whether or not the United States could successfully resist a foreign foe in case of a declaration of war. Mr. Gorman's amandment

Gorman's amendment was rejected and the committee amendment agreed to. THE FREE COINAGE BILL.

Silver Men Protest in Vain Against Any Further Delay. WASHINGTON, Feb. 3,-When the Hou Coinage Committee met this morning the Chairman read a telegraphic appeal from St. Louis for further hearings on the free coinage bill. Messrs. Bland and Bartine proteste against further delay and Mr. Walker argued for deliberate consideration of this importaquestion and in favor of the granting the ap-peal. The debate became heated and Messrs. Bland and Walker indulged in some personali-

Bland and walker indulged in some personalities.

Finally Mr. Vaux moved that the St. Louis delegation be heard not later than next Tuesday. Mr. Bartine moved to amend by providing that no further hearings be held after Tuesday, and that the committee then proceed to consider the bill. Mr. Walker moved to table the amendment. The motion to table was carried—yeas 7; nays, 5—the Chairman voting with the free coinage men. On the next question, however, of hearing the St. Louis delegation, he voted in favor of doing so and the motion prevailed—yeas, 8; nays, 4. JUDGE ACHESON CONFIRMAD.

The Senate Indorses the Selection of Judge McKennan's Successor. WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The Senate in execu

ROYALTY CONDUCTED THE BANK,

AN ANGRY WOMAN GAVE UP THE SECRET LONDON, Feb. 3 .- The hero of the great

Scot's Guards, and up to the present an intinate friend of His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales. The scandal promises to con-vulse the whole of English society and to furnish the critics with a case of stupendous

tinguished people.

ited game of baccarat was soon started. In due course it came to the Prince's turn to keep the bank. He then particularly noticed Sir Gordon Cummings, who was opposite him. Whenever that gentleman won he won heavily, but whenever he lost he lost lightly. He suspected some queer play, and he watched accordingly. As alleged, he detected the peculiar proceeding.

The Baronet held in his hands a number of pieces of gold which he added surreptitiously to the stakes in front of him whenever he won, but whenever he lost he removed in the same manner some money from his stakes on the table. Suddenly he was caught in the act and denounced, when a friendly game was turned into a row,

the house a lady who was most unfriendly to-ward him and whose husband was present at the row. He told his wife the circumstances in confidence and she spread the story. Now, Sir Gordon, who still stoutly denies his guilt, and is determined to clear his character, says that although he signed the paper not to play again, he did so only because he had pre-viously given his word to the Prince to abide by the decision of the arbitrators. He has placed the matter in the hands of his solicitors, and has commenced proceedings for libel against the lady and her husband, who are re-sponsible for spreading the story. But their

Rodrigulo de Freditas, formerly a member of the Chamber of Deputies, is also arrested. They are both journalists, and both members

EFFECT OF THE M'KINLEY BILL Birmingham Merchant Says That It Does MANCHESTER, Feb. 3.—At the annual meet

in object lesson to all protectionists elsewhere.

STABBING YOUNG WOMEN. Another Jack the Ripper Scare in the Suburbs of London.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

timony was suspended until the question was decided by the vice-chancellor. He beard ar-guments and sustained the master and the case was carried to the appellate court. THE MAFIA MURDER CASE. Writs of Habeas Corpus Issued by a Chicago Judge. CHICAGO, Feb. 3,-Writs of habeas corpus in the supposed Mafia murder were issued this evening by Judge Brentano in behalf of Velone and Colombo, the two suspects held as the assassins of Senna, the pedder. The prisoners will be taken before Judge Brentano to-mor-

THE PAN-REPUBLIC CONGRESS. The Committee on Its Scope and Plan Are at Work. NEW YORK, Feb. 3.-The committee on

New York, Feb. 3.—The committee on the scope and plan of the Pan-Republic Congress met this afternoon to formulate a plan for the proposed assembly. A working majority of the committee was present.

After a general interchange of views a committee of three was fixed to digest all the suggestions made, and to report to the general committees io-morrow.

strate a day's labor in the absence of a contract to the contrary, except where life and the safety of property depends upon a continuance for longer hours. A heavy fine is attached. Farmers were exempted from the provisions of the bill. The compulsory education law has been so amended in the House as to extend the age to 18 in which youth will be required to attend school. There is a proposition to place the duties of State Scaler with the Ohio State University, and to make the inspection of illuminating gas and meters a specialty.

manently satisfactory relations between the two countries. He was assured that in every part of the United States this struggle would be viewed with friendly interest, and it only needed a declaration from the American Con-gress to make the success of the Liberal cause are entirely a civil corporation have no control of, nor can they interfere with military affairs. The money is State money and is issued to me for the uses of the State serv-The Devious Track of the Storm Traced